

Practise

1. The function $y = x^2$ has been transformed to $y = af(bx)$. Determine the equation of each transformed function.
- Its graph is stretched horizontally about the y-axis by a factor of 2 and then reflected in the x-axis.
 - Its graph is stretched horizontally about the y-axis by a factor of $\frac{1}{4}$, reflected in the y-axis, and then stretched vertically about the x-axis by a factor of $\frac{1}{4}$.

a) using $g(x) = a[f(b(x-h))] + k$ ← general form
but since we are using a simpler model, it's only

$$g(x) = af(bx)$$

The meaning
of the
parameters
a & b

$g(x) = af(bx)$
 ↑
 Horiz-stretch
 by a factor of $\frac{1}{b}$
 ↑
 Vert stretch and/or
 reflection

1) H. stretch by a factor of 2 $\Rightarrow b = \frac{1}{2}$

2) reflected into the x-axis means a
vertical stretch by a factor of -1

2) reflected into the x -axis means a vertical stretch by a factor of -1

i.e. $a = -1$

Compounding these two we get

$$g(x) = -f\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$$

Since we know that $f(x) = x^2 \Rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) = \left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2$

we can calculate further:

$$g(x) = -\left[\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2\right] = -\left(\frac{1}{2^2} \cdot x^2\right)$$
$$g(x) = -\frac{1}{4}x^2$$

can also be reflection
a horiz. stretch
into the y -axis
if $b_1 = -1$

b)

$$g(x) = a f(bx)$$

vert
stretch and/or
V, reflection

$$a = \frac{1}{4}$$

horiz. stretch
by a factor of
 $\frac{1}{b}$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{b}$$

$\parallel$

$$b = 4$$

$$\text{overall } b = b_1 \times b_2 = (-1)(4)$$

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$$b = -4$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} g(x) = \frac{1}{4} f(4x) \\ f(x) = x^2 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow g(x) = \frac{1}{4} (-4x)^2$$
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot (-4)^2 x^2$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \overset{4}{16} \cdot x^2$$

$$g(x) = 4x^2$$