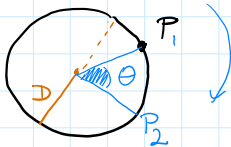


Short Answer

6. A vehicle has tires that are 75 cm in diameter. A point is marked on the edge of the tire.
- a) Determine the measure of the angle through which the point turns every second if the vehicle is travelling at 110 km/h. Give your answer in degrees and in radians, to the nearest tenth.
- b) What is the answer in radians if the diameter of the tire is 66 cm? Do you think that tire diameter affects tire life? Explain.



$$D = 75 \text{ cm}$$

$$R = \frac{D}{2} = \frac{75}{2} \text{ cm}$$

$$v = 110 \text{ km/h} = 110 \times 10^3 \text{ m/h} = 110 \times 10^3 \times \frac{10^2}{1000} \text{ cm/h} = 110 \times 10^5 \text{ cm/h} = \frac{110 \times 10^5 \text{ cm}}{60 \text{ min} \times 60 \text{ sec}}$$

$$= \frac{110 \times 10^5}{60 \times 60} \text{ cm/s} = \frac{110 \times 10^5}{36 \times 10^2} = \frac{110}{36} \times 10^{5-2} = \frac{110}{36} \times 10^3 \text{ cm} = \frac{11}{36} \times 10^4 \text{ cm/s}$$

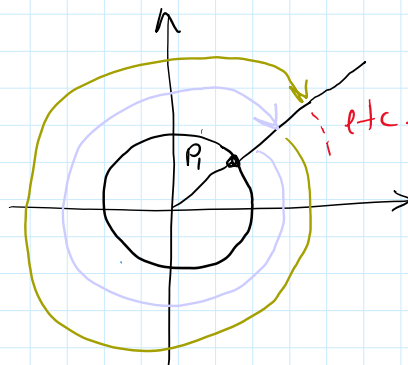
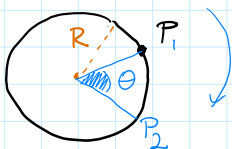
Length of the circle is $2\pi R = 2\pi \cdot \frac{75}{2} = 75\pi$ (using $\pi \approx 3.1415$)

$R = \frac{D}{2}$

235.619 cm

3055.55... cm/s

in one sec. this moves several full rotations



$$v = \frac{11}{36} \times 10^4 \text{ cm/s}$$

in one second the speed make a distance of $\frac{11}{36} \times 10^4 \text{ cm}$.

how many cycles (i.e. full circle lengths) can we fit in this?

$$\frac{\text{the dist.}}{\text{the circle length}} = \frac{\frac{11}{36} \times 10^4}{2\pi R} = \frac{\frac{11}{36} \times 10^4}{75 \times \pi} = \frac{11}{36} \times 10^4 \div 75\pi$$

see ④

... 12 full rotations ... 9681 ...

calculator $\rightarrow = 12.9681$ lengths. $= \underbrace{12}_{\substack{\text{full} \\ \text{rotations}}} + 0.9681 \dots$ partial rotation

$\downarrow$

$12 \times 2\pi$ radians
 $12 \times (360^\circ)$
 $12 \times (2\pi R)$ cm
 $12 \times (75\pi)$ cm

$\downarrow$
 $? \text{ cm}$
 $x \text{ cm}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{11}{36} \times 10^4 \text{ cm} = 12 \times 75\pi \text{ cm} + x \text{ cm}$$

calculator

$$x = \frac{11}{36} \times 10^4 - 12.75\pi = \frac{11}{36} \times 10^4 - \frac{12.75 \cdot 36 \cdot \pi}{36}$$

$$= \frac{1}{36} [11 \times 10^4 - 32400\pi]$$

$360^\circ \dots \dots 75\pi = \text{one full circle length} = \text{a rotation}$

$?^\circ \dots \dots \frac{110000 - 32400\pi}{36} = \text{partial rotation}$

$? = \frac{10}{360} \cdot \frac{110000 - 32400\pi}{36} \cdot \frac{1}{75\pi} = 348.5449973 = 348.5^\circ$

$\uparrow$ tenth

preceded by 12 rotations

$$360^\circ \times 12 + 348.5 = \underline{\underline{4668.5^\circ}}$$

In radians?

$180^\circ \longrightarrow \pi \text{ rads}$

$4668.5^\circ \longrightarrow ? \text{ rads}$

tenth: rounding

$$? = \frac{4668.5 \times \pi}{180^\circ} = 81.481 \dots = \underline{\underline{81.5 \text{ rads}}}$$

calculator